Recommended Child and Adolescent Immunization Schedule for ages 18 years or younger

UNITED STATES

Vaccines in the Child and Adolescent Immunization Schedule*

Vaccine	Abbreviation(s)	Trade name(s)	
COVID-19	1vCOV-mRNA	Comirnaty®/Pfizer- BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine	
		SPIKEVAX®/Moderna COVID-19 Vaccine	
	2vCOV-mRNA	Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine, Bivalent	
		Moderna COVID-19 Vaccine, Bivalent	
	1vCOV-aPS	Novavax COVID-19 Vaccine	
Dengue vaccine	DEN4CYD	Dengvaxia®	
Diphtheria, tetanus, and acellular pertussis vaccine	DTaP	Daptacel® Infanrix®	
Diphtheria, tetanus vaccine	DT	No trade name	
Haemophilus influenzae type b vaccine	Hib (PRP-T)	ActHIB® Hiberix®	
	Hib (PRP-OMP)	PedvaxHIB®	
Hepatitis A vaccine	НерА	Havrix® Vaqta®	
Hepatitis B vaccine	НерВ	Engerix-B [®] Recombivax HB [®]	
Human papillomavirus vaccine	HPV	Gardasil 9®	
Influenza vaccine (inactivated)	IIV4	Multiple	
Influenza vaccine (live, attenuated)	LAIV4	FluMist® Quadrivalent	
Measles, mumps, and rubella vaccine	MMR	M-M-R II® Priorix®	
Meningococcal serogroups A, C, W, Y vaccine	MenACWY-D	Menactra®	
	MenACWY-CRM	Menveo®	
	MenACWY-TT	MenQuadfi®	
Meningococcal serogroup B vaccine	MenB-4C	Bexsero®	
	MenB-FHbp	Trumenba®	
Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine	PCV13 PCV15	Prevnar 13 [®] Vaxneuvance [™]	
Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine	PPSV23	Pneumovax 23®	
Poliovirus vaccine (inactivated)	IPV	IPOL®	
Rotavirus vaccine	RV1 RV5	Rotarix® RotaTeq®	
Tetanus, diphtheria, and acellular pertussis vaccine	Tdap	Adacel® Boostrix®	
Tetanus and diphtheria vaccine	Td	Tenivac [®] Tdvax™	
Varicella vaccine	VAR	Varivax®	
Combination vaccines (use combination vaccines instead of separa	te injections when ap	propriate)	
DTaP, hepatitis B, and inactivated poliovirus vaccine	DTaP-HepB-IPV	Pediarix®	
DTaP, inactivated poliovirus, and <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b vaccine	DTaP-IPV/Hib	Pentacel®	
DTaP and inactivated poliovirus vaccine	DTaP-IPV	Kinrix®	

Ouadracel® DTaP, inactivated poliovirus, Haemophilus influenzae type b, and DTaP-IPV-Hib-Vaxelis® hepatitis B vaccine HepB MMRV Measles, mumps, rubella, and varicella vaccine ProQuad®

How to use the child and adolescent immunization schedule

Determine recommended vaccine by age

(Table 1)

Determine recommended interval for catchup vaccination (Table 2)

Assess need for additional recommended vaccines by medical condition special situations or other indication (Notes) (Table 3)

Review vaccine types, frequencies, contraindications intervals, and considerations for for vaccine types

Review and precautions (Appendix)

Recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (www.cdc.gov/vaccines/acip) and approved by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (www.cdc.gov), American Academy of Pediatrics (www.aap.org), American Academy of Family Physicians (www.aafp.org), American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (www.acog.org), American College of Nurse-Midwives (www.midwife.org), American Academy of Physician Associates (www.aapa.org), and National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners (www.napnap.org).

- Suspected cases of reportable vaccine-preventable diseases or outbreaks to your state or local health department
- Clinically significant adverse events to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) at www.vaers.hhs.gov or 800-822-7967

Ouestions or comments

Contact www.cdc.gov/cdc-info or 800-CDC-INFO (800-232-4636), in English or Spanish, 8 a.m.-8 p.m. ET, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays



Download the CDC Vaccine Schedules app for providers at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/hcp/schedule-app.html

Helpful information

- Complete Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) recommendations: www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/index.html
- General Best Practice Guidelines for Immunization (including contraindications and precautions): www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/index.html
- Vaccine information statements: www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/vis/index.html
- Manual for the Surveillance of Vaccine-Preventable Diseases (including case identification and outbreak response): www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/surv-manual
- ACIP Shared Clinical Decision-Making Recommendations www.cdc.gov/vaccines/acip/acip-scdm-fags.html



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

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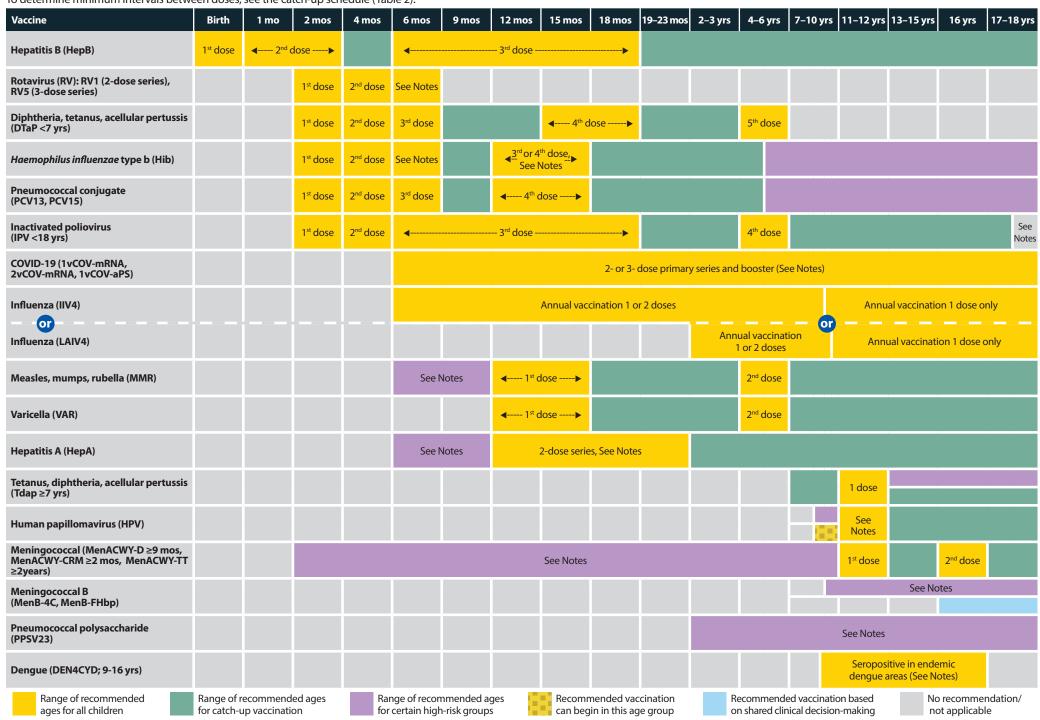


^{*}Administer recommended vaccines if immunization history is incomplete or unknown. Do not restart or add doses to vaccine series for extended intervals between doses. When a vaccine is not administered at the recommended age, administer at a subsequent visit. The use of trade names is for identification purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the ACIP or CDC.



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These recommendations must be read with the notes that follow. For those who fall behind or start late, provide catch-up vaccination at the earliest opportunity as indicated by the green bars. To determine minimum intervals between doses, see the catch-up schedule (Table 2).





Recommended Catch-up Immunization Schedule for Children and Adolescents Who Start Late or Who Are More than 1 Month Behind, United States, 2023

The table below provides catch-up schedules and minimum intervals between doses for children whose vaccinations have been delayed. A vaccine series does not need to be restarted, regardless of the time that has elapsed between doses. Use the section appropriate for the child's age. **Always use this table in conjunction with Table 1 and the Notes that follow.**

Children age 4 months through 6 years Vaccine Minimum Age for Minimum Interval Between Doses							
/accine	Minimum Age for Dose 1		Minimum Interval Between Doses				
		Dose 1 to Dose 2	Dose 2 to Dose 3	Dose 3 to Dose 4	Dose 4 to Dose		
Hepatitis B	Birth	4 weeks	8 weeks and at least 16 weeks after first dose minimum age for the final dose is 24 weeks				
Rotavirus	6 weeks Maximum age for first dose is 14 weeks, 6 days.	4 weeks	4 weeks maximum age for final dose is 8 months, 0 days				
Diphtheria, tetanus, and cellular pertussis	6 weeks	4 weeks	4 weeks	6 months	6 months		
Haemophilus influenzae type b	6 weeks	No further doses needed if first dose was administered at age 15 months or older. 4 weeks if first dose was administered before the 1st birthday. 8 weeks (as final dose) if first dose was administered at age 12 through 14 months.	No further doses needed if previous dose was administered at age 15 months or older 4 weeks if current age is younger than 12 months and first dose was administered at younger than age 7 months and at least 1 previous dose was PRP-T (ActHib®, Pentacel®, Hiberix®), Vaxelis® or unknown 8 weeks and age 12 through 59 months (as final dose) if current age is younger than 12 months and first dose was administered at age 7 through 11 months; OR if current age is 12 through 59 months and first dose was administered before the 1st birthday and second dose was administered at younger than 15 months; OR if both doses were PedvaxHIB® and were administered before the 1st birthday	8 weeks (as final dose) This dose only necessary for children age 12 through 59 months who received 3 doses before the 1st birthday.			
Pneumococcal conjugate	6 weeks	No further doses needed for healthy children if first dose was administered at age 24 months or older 4 weeks if first dose was administered before the 1st birthday 8 weeks (as final dose for healthy children) if first dose was administered at the 1st birthday or after	No further doses needed for healthy children if previous dose was administered at age 24 months or older 4 weeks if current age is younger than 12 months and previous dose was administered at <7 months old 8 weeks (as final dose for healthy children) if previous dose was administered between 7–11 months (wait until at least 12 months old); OR if current age is 12 months or older and at least 1 dose was administered before age 12 months	8 weeks (as final dose) this dose is only necessary for children aged 12 through 59 months regardless of risk, or age 60 through 71 months with any risk, who received 3 doses before age 12 months.			
nactivated poliovirus	6 weeks	4 weeks	4 weeks if current age is <4 years 6 months (as final dose) if current age is 4 years or older	6 months (minimum age 4 years for final dose)			
Measles, mumps, rubella	12 months	4 weeks					
aricella	12 months	3 months					
lepatitis A	12 months	6 months					
•			Co. No.	C. N. N.			
Meningococcal ACWY	2 months MenACWY-CRM 9 months MenACWY-D 2 years MenACWY-TT	8 weeks	See Notes	See Notes			
		•	Children and adolescents age 7 through 18 years				
Meningococcal ACWY	Not applicable (N/A)	8 weeks					
Tetanus, diphtheria; tetanus, diphtheria, and acellular pertussis	7 years	4 weeks	4 weeks if first dose of DTaP/DT was administered before the 1st birthday 6 months (as final dose) if first dose of DTaP/DT or Tdap/Td was administered at or after the 1st birthday	6 months if first dose of DTaP/DT was administered before the 1st birthday			
Human papillomavirus	9 years	Routine dosing intervals are recommended.					
lepatitis A	N/A	6 months					
lepatitis B	N/A	4 weeks	8 weeks and at least 16 weeks after first dose				
nactivated poliovirus	N/A	4 weeks	6 months	A fourth dose of IPV is indicated			
iacuvateu politovirus		T WEEKS	A fourth dose is not necessary if the third dose was administered at age 4 years or older and at least 6 months after the previous dose.	fall previous doses were administered at <4 years or if the third dose was administered <6 months after the second dose.			
Measles, mumps, rubella	N/A	4 weeks					
/aricella	N/A	3 months if younger than age 13 years. 4 weeks if age 13 years or older					
Dengue	9 years	6 months	6 months				